Genus Datasheet

Datasheet No. A-076.008 'rogramme (Family.Genus)

1. Genus: Corypha L.

2. Systematic Position: APG IV (2016)

- Kingdom: Plantae
- Clade: Angiosperm
- Clade: Monocots
- Clade: Commelinids
- Order: Arecales Bromhead
- Family: Arecaceae Bercht. & J. Presl
- Subfamily: Coryphoideae Burnett
- Genus: *Corypha* L.

3. Species:

Global: 5

India: 3

4. Taxonomic riddles:

5. Distribution:

Global: Australia, Bay of Bengal, Indochina, India, Malaysia, and Sri Lanka

India: Andaman Islands, Assam, Karnataka, Kerala, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu,

6. Habit and Habitat: Tree palms; *Corypha* species are frequently associated with human settlements, but in the wild, they are probably a feature of open several communities, such as alluvial plains, or submaritime storm forest, they are not found in climax tropical rain forest.

7. Economic Importance: *Corypha* has wide range of uses and is intensively exploited. Leaves are used for thatch, writing material, umbrellas, buckets etc. The stem has been used as a source of starch.

8. DNA content range:

2C

4C

9. Basic chromosome number(s): x=16⁷

DBT- Network

Bentham and Hooker (1862)

Kingdom: Plantae Division: Phanerogamia Class: Monocotyledones Series: Calycinae Ordo: Palmae Juss. Genus: *Corypha* L.

Methodology:

10. Zygotic chromosome number (s): 2n=36^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

11. Gametic chromosome number (s): n=18^{1, 3, 6}

12. Specialized chromosomes (B chromosomes/Sex chromosomes/Polytene chromosomes/ N chromosomes):

13. Ploidy level:

14. Nature of polyploidy (auto, segmental, allo, autoallo):

15. Aberrant chromosome number(s) (aneuploidy, aneusomaty, polysomaty): Several somat abnormal chromosomes number $2n=18^3$

16. Karyograms:³

Meiosis:

17. Banding pattern(s):

18. Physical mapping of chromosomes: GISH:

19. Phylogenetic relationship at Chromosomal; DNA level: DNA level⁸

20. Cytogenetic mechanism (s) underlying evolution

21. Linkage map:

22. Any other information: